Risk in epidemiology:



- the probability of occurrence of a new case in a time period is called **RISK.**
- if the period of time you choose is lifetime then it is a lifetime risk.

risk = probability of incidence



	Incidence	Risk
refer to	occurrence of new cases (rate)	probability of occurrence of new cases (rate)
among	all population	all population
time	period of time	period of time

Epidemiology: determinants



DETERMINANTS: CAUSES & RISK FACTORS

	Causes	Risk Factors
refer to	personal habits & environmental factors	personal habits & environmental factors
action	DETERMINES	INCREASE the probability of
on:	the occurrence of disease	the occurrence of disease

Determinants: analysis



1. Knowing causes and risk F

-used to prevent and control disease by removing causes and risk F

2. Not knowing causes and risk F

-an epidemiological study is recommended to determine them